S_HIFT_TO_ENTERPRISE DX TRANSFORMATION NOT TYR WHAT'S THE REAL SECRET TO SUCCESS?

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TYRANNY?

Transformation and disruption are changing nearly all categories: Netflix, the movie business, Spotify, the music industry, Airbnb, hospitality, Uber, transport and Amazon, retail. Why have these companies succeeded and what are the implications for businesses moving forward?

Marketing has changed more in the last decade than it did in the previous 50 years but in truth it is still not fast enough and consumers forcing change faster than most can keep up.

Smart phones, search and social networks have empowered consumers who now can find what they need and want, when they want it and how they want it. Most marketing is still in the formats and cadence of the previous 50 years; mass, push and product centric. Maybe this is still relevant to the diminishing numbers of baby boomers who still watch TV, read newspapers and magazines and shop in the high street but if brands want to be relevant with Gen Ys and Zs they need to think completely differently.

As one observer pointed out, "advertising has spent 50 years, entertaining the eye-balls of baby-boomers, this is no longer relevant to the next generations of consumers who prefer ease and experiences over entertainment".

It's no wonder transformation is often painted as a tyrannous thing – do or die, disrupt or be disrupted, but what are the real ingredients to success?





TRANSFORMATION?

The upside for businesses who successfully transformation is clear. However, the number of businesses really achieving differentiation is very small.

The truth is transformation really matters

26%

40%

Higher Profit among companies undertaking digital transformation than their industry peers

Share of Market Leaders expected to fall out of the top 10 in their industries due to digital disruption over the next 5 years

So, many are doing it

63%

Going through Transformation

as stated by C-Level leadership

But very few are seeing real upside

50%

Strong Digital IQ as rated by executives

5%

Achieved Real Differentiation

as rated by executives

Sources: Mind the Gap, Ogilvy Consulting 2018, Global Center for Digital Business Transformation; June 2015. CapGemini Consultin & MIT Sloan School of Management, The Digital Advantage, 2014, State of Digital Transformation, Altimiter, 2016, Digital Transformation in the age of the customer, Forrester / Accenture



WHAT BUSINESSES **REALLY WANT**

Business leaders are looking to transformation to improve three key areas:

- The reduction of cost to income ratios: operational efficiencies 1.
- Customer satisfaction: improved NPS 2.
- 3. **Growth:** year on year improvement

Businesses have mainly focused on efficiencies as the outcome of transformation; organizational efficiencies, cost savings in productivity executed by starting with technology, channels and processes. Where there has been a focus on customer centricity it has mainly looking to transform customer care or touch points. For example, a key metric in the ICT sector is reducing the PTC (propensity to call) by implementing BOTs. To date most marketers have invested in using technology to reach consumers more efficiently with advertising messages, either by automating email and sms or programmatic media. Once again, more about marketing efficiencies than remarkable experiences, more 'push' marketing than omni-channel where the consumers' needs and wants are met at the moments that matter, especially to the younger, digitally savvy gen Ys and Zs.

Businesses that cannot show the market analysts a roadmap to meet the needs of the next generation of consumers are being penalized by 'the Street'. The market caps lowered against their competitors who can show they understand their customers and have a plan for change. The example of Prada and Kerring shows both stocks aligned until the mid-way through 2017 when Prada was unable to show a roadmap to remain connected with the emerging Gen Zs.

MIT CISR refers to this (image below) as Future Ready with Future Ready companies performing 16 percentage points higher margin than their industry average.

Consumer. Luxury goods Prada bedevilled by its sluggish shift online

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bion digital channels and the blogging online "influencers" that are disrupting the industry. "I don't want to be judged by sales," Ms Prada said after Thursday's show. "My life is bigger than that." But for the managers of Prada, declin-ing sales cannot be so easily shrugged off. Most recently, the company rep-orted a 5.5 per cent fall in revenues in onted a 5.5 per cent fall in revenues in the first half to C1.5h., significantly the first half to C1.5h. Significantly duci, itself in the throes of a turnround, Gucci, itself in the throes of a turnround, rose 43.4 per cent. Sales at Louis Vuitton rose 12 per cent on a comparable basis. rose 12 per cent on a comparable basis. Mr Bertelli admitted this month that

Mr Bertelli admitted this month that Prada's "transformation is actually tak-ing longer than originally expected". He blamed several factors. Sales had been hit in South Korea, a significant luxury market, as the threat of war had deterred shoppers from \$2,000 velvet shoulder bags and \$495 Velcro sandals. Prada was "losing a lot of money" on

its Fifth Avenue store because it is

entrance. It had missed the trend for luxury sneakers, and was playing catch up. But he admitted the most significant failing of the group, which includes Prada, Miu and Car Shoe, was that it had been late to understand the impor-tance of the digital market. Industry analysts say the luxury sec-tor has split into winners and losers along the line of which brands had seen Instagram and Facebook becoming as



vital as stores to selling clothes and handbags. Interest is now also driven by influences among celebrities and Prada is already shaping its response. The company is aiming to roll out commerce sales platforms across the world by the end of 2018, and wants to make 5 per cent of its sales from ecom-prada considers its 18m followers on



s. Prada says it was

Instagram across its brands as a sign that it is catching up. It is also containing costs, keeping its store tally steady at G13 while improving their design. It aims to improve its gross margin by reducing sales and mark-downe.

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Louis Vuitton at a discount so soon after the shows, he added. Still, analysts remain concerned that its online forecasts lag behind the indus try, not least as digital has become t barometer of success among millenni and the younger "Gen Z" who will m up nearly half the luxury customer

by 2025, according to Bain. The success of a manage shal, out a to a to as inevitabl fashio, inclust y tilk of wheth also needs a change at the top thing dismissed outright by executive.

When we hear about [the

INTRODUCING THE OPEN ROADS COMMUNITY

The Open ROADS Community is a forum dedicated to accelerating digital business transformation. The Community's core constituents are digital service providers, joined by digital industry participants and all firms which grow their businesses from an internet-based ecosystem. The Community achieves its goal by serving as a cross-industry accelerator for identifying new digital business models and revenue opportunities, including creating, sharing and implementing best practices for addressing those opportunities.

To all industries To industry associations To ecosystem partners



Real-time, Ondemand, All-online, Do-it-yourself, Social

Vision

The accelerator for digital transformation



Bring together leading thinkers and business leaders to overcome the challenges of digital transformation by developing practical tools for members to adopt



Facilitate best practices in digital transformation

24 advisory board members, 55 activity committee members, 1000+ general members

The community addresses these challenges by creating best-in-class frameworks, models and case studies or used cases. So the main benefits to take away from this great learning, some very smart people, some interesting best practice and a will to do better.

Jerry Smith, Executive Partner, Digital Transformation, Ogilvy Consulting

AN ORGANISING FRAMEWORK

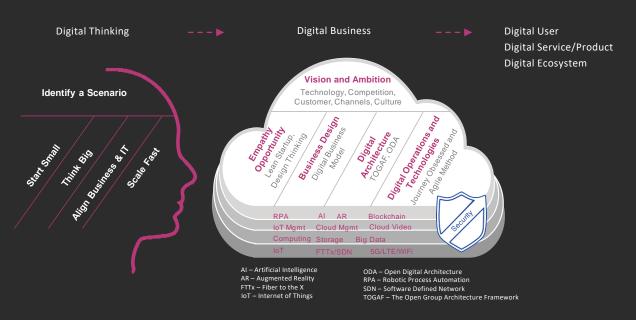
Digital Mastermind

In today's market, transformation is of vital importance for many companies; brought about by rapid changes in digital technology, new competition, business models and the demands from a new generation of customers. Some businesses are being forced to change in order to survive, whilst others are looking to build competitive advantages.

Technology is a vital component of this transformation, but companies must be careful to discriminate between becoming "digitised" rather than "digital". When a company is digitised, it achieves higher efficiency, reliability, and cost savings. But when it is digital, it also enables rapid product and service innovation to capture new opportunities, grow revenue and increase brand equity.

Transforming to become truly digital requires a company to change many aspects: the way it organises itself, the way it interacts with its customers and the way it utilises technology. However, for many companies these are unchartered waters, so where to begin?

Digital Mastermind has the answer; A holistic framework for navigating the digital transformation journey.



The Digital Mastermind has been created to enable companies to plan and execute their entire transformation journey, adopting a "start small, think big, align business and IT, and scale fast" strategy. It helps benchmark an organisation's current digital maturity and provides a step-by- step guide to defining objectives, strategy, operations and the time and investment needed to complete the transformation.



WHAT GETTING FUTURE READY MEANS

MIT defines the transformation to future ready in two dimensions: customer experience and operational efficiency, moving from traditional to transformed in both axis.

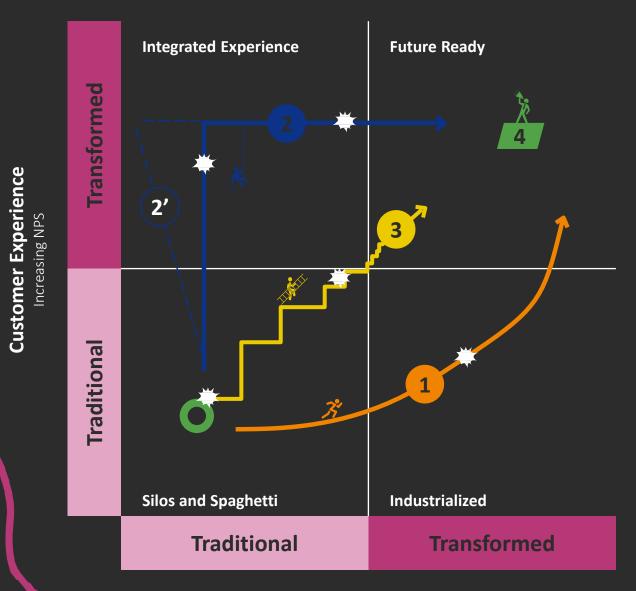
perience NPS	Transformed	 Integrated Experience An integrated (often simulated) customer experience despite complex operations Strong design and UX Rich mobile experience including the purchase process 	 Future Ready Both innovative and lower cost Great customer experience Modular and agile Data as a strategic asset Ecosystems ready
Customer Experience Increasing NPS	Traditional	 15% -3.6 Silos and Spaghetti Product driven A complex landscape of processes, systems and data Performance reliant on heroics 	 23% + 16.0 Industrialized Plug and play products/services Service-enabled "crown jewels" Standardized processes Single source of truth for data
		51% -5.0	11% +4.6%
		Traditional	Transformed
		Operational Efficiency Improving cost-to-income ratio	

Figure 1: A Roadmap to Digital Business Transformation

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IDENTIFY A SCENARIO

MIT have identified four key pathways to Future Ready, all require considerable effort and the ability to pull the whole organisation together to achieve it.



Operational Efficiency

Improving cost-to-income ratio

JAG – Financial Services – Australia - B2C - Path 1

Cases

HKT - Digital Telecom - Hong Kong - B2B – Path 3

Royal KPN - Digital Telecom - Netherlands - B2C – Path 3

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IDENTIFY A SCENARIO

Pathway Descriptions

Pathway 1: This route moves towards industrialised before investing in customer experience. The businesses that chose this route generally invest in transforming the organization to become more efficient first, discarding legacy systems and structures before embarking on customer centricity. They may be at risk if their competitors' services and brand offer more appealing experiences.

Pathway 2: Here businesses add features and channels to support customer centricity and may attract new customers that may initially be unprofitable, thus reducing margins and putting strain on the financial performance of the organization.

Pathway 3: This is the most popular approach. It creates a roadmap with small changes in both directions providing improvements in customer experience whilst driving efficiencies. They key here is to make sure the whole organization is aligned around the same direction at any one time.

Pathway 4: This is chosen when the organization deems it too difficult to change and decides to create a new 'Future Ready' company. This choice may see the eventual demise or significant reduction in the original business as it fails to meet the needs and wants of modern consumers. The acid test is if the new organsiation can sufficiently out-perform the old business to manage all stake holders.

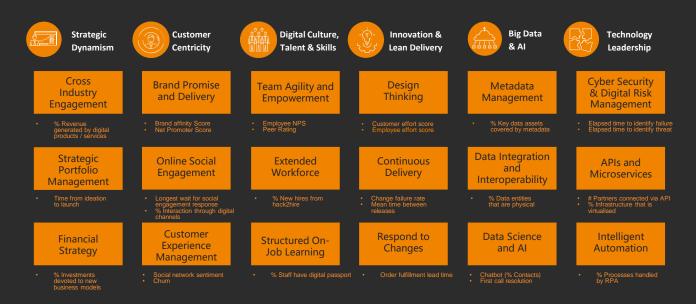
KNOW WHERE TO START

Open Digital Maturity Model

The Open Digital Maturity Model (ODMM) is an assessment tool which benchmarks an organization's current digital maturity level against its own digital transformation goals and the performance of best-in-class organizations. It looks at key capabilities that businesses should look at if they are transforming. This is based on a proven methodology, community sourced insights and as a result is continually evolving.



A key component to the digital maturity model are specified measures and KPIS around each of the capabilities – as if it doesn't get measured, it doesn't get done.

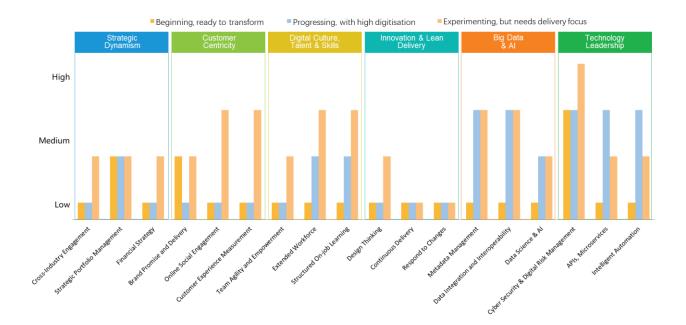




KNOW WHERE TO START

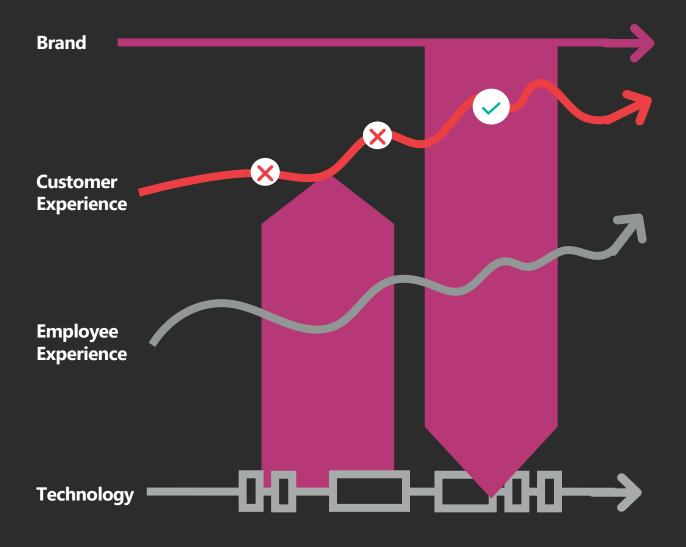
Benchmarking Maturity

The open digital maturity model helps businesses benchmark where they are versus the competition in their category, and helps establish initial priorities for transformation. The ODMM is the proprietary digital maturity assessment tool of the Open ROADS Community; a complete ODMM assessment is a thorough review of an organization's digital business infrastructure, operations, strategies and culture, conducted by an accredited assessor



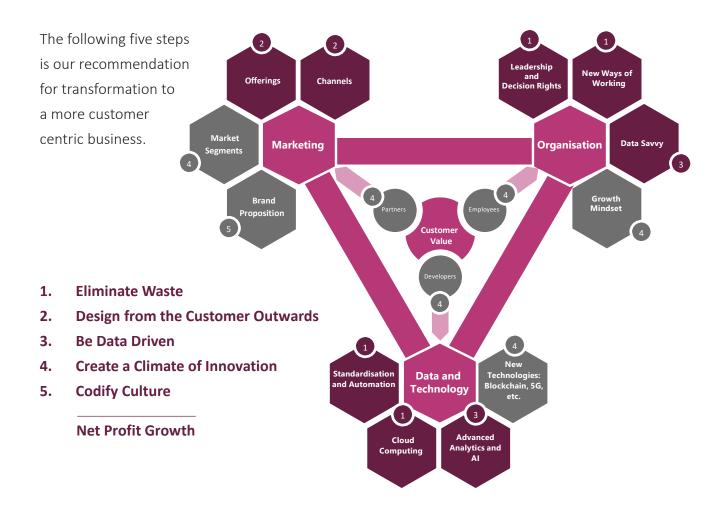
DON'T PUT THE CART BEFORE THE HORSE

One of the key pitfalls we see in transformation failures is putting the technology before the customer (as the ODMM example output on previous page illustrates). Successes always start with the customer. When businesses start with the technology, they often wire this into the employee experience, which often means that it fails to connect with key customer moments of truth. However, when businesses start from a branded customer perspective, they are able to identify customer moments of truth that are connected through the employee experience and then enabled by relevant technologies.



TRANSFORMATION IS MULTI-DIMENSIONAL

The transformation requires three major changes: organization, marketing and technology. They all have to be addressed to succeed. Marketing needs to become more omni-channel and experience based. The structure of the organization, channels and supply chain as well as talent processes and culture must be reconfigured to match the 'experience' now expected from consumers and of course the technology needs to be provide the connects as well as inform in real or near real-time.



The businesses that are embarking on this journey stand a good chance of surviving the next decade of disruption. Those that don't won't. Remember that Kodak's troubles were caused not by digital cameras per se but by social networks. Once consumers could share their photos on line they no longer needed to print them out.

A fundamental part of transformation is to start small, while thinking big. Starting small allows businesses to validate business cases and introduce new ways of working into an organization more progressively. Starting small, doesn't mean doing something that is a 'throw away', thinking about how small things scale is part of the process.

- 1. Identify a Scenario
- 2. Smart Small
- 3. Think Big
- 4. Align Business and IT
- 5. Scale Fast

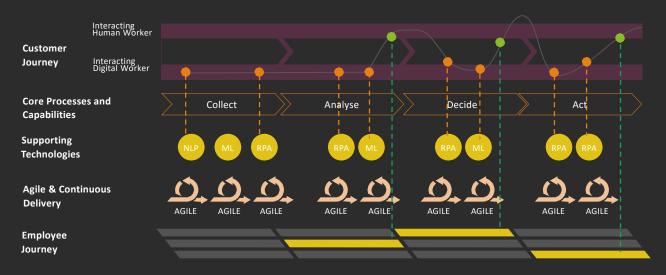
Start Small, Building a Minimal Viable Product



SCALING FAST

Scaling fast means taking small viable ideas and iterating fast to put them into the real world. The key to this, is to have cross-functional teams working with partners and customers in an agile approach.

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*NLP: Natural Language Processing *ML: Machine Learning *RPA: Robotic Process Automation

In the Digital Transformation Practice Center (DTPC), Huawei has set up a cross-functional team, working with customers and partners in an agile and collaborative approach to design, build, test and verify the MVP for digital opportunities.

Zheng Li, Head of Business & Network Consulting, Huawei

IN CONCLUSION

Transformation doesn't need to be tyrannous. Having a clear ambition, knowing where you are and starting small are key to making impact.

- 1. Set an ambition
- 2. Know where you are
- 3. Transform around three dimensions
- 4. Start small
- 5. Scale
- 6. Learn from others

TRANSFORMATION NOT TYRANNY

CONTACT US

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S_HIFT is the partnership between Ogilvy and DHR International with independent digital transformation insights being supplied by IDC Asia Pacific. Bringing expertise in customer insight and brand (Ogilvy) and talent transformation (DHR), the objective of S_HIFT with the assistance of IDC's technology industry expertise is to help businesses tackle a holistic approach to digital transformation. S_HIFT research papers and executive briefings are designed to help the C-Suite clarify and simplify in a world of digital disruption. And its bespoke consulting offering helps to unify the boardroom through structured assessments and tools, which ultimately help organisations plan, implement, and deliver short, medium, and long term strategic growth.

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